# PROTECTA CLEAR® - MAILABLE

# SALES SPECIFICATIONS

PROPERTIES	Method	Units	SPECIFICATION	
Appearance	D4176	-	Clear and Free From	
			Impurities	
Color	D156	Saybolt	N/A	
	D1209	PT-Co		
Density @ 20°C	D1298	lb./gal	7.8	
Boiling Point	D86	-	182°C	
Dielectric	D877	kV	38.1	
Vapor Pressure	1	mm Hg	5 @ 40°C	
Aniline Point	D611	-	< -3°C	
Kauri Butanol	D1133	-	60	
1. Head Space Gas Chromatography				
2. Methods - ASTM				

# 1. Chemical Product / Company Identification

Product Name	ProtectaClear® Coating
Supplier	Everbrite, Inc.
	4600 Kietzke Ln # N254
	Reno, NV 89502
Telephone	916-852-0200
Chemtrec 24 hr. Emergency	Phone 800-424-9300

# 2. Hazardous Components

Common Chemical Name: 2-ButoxethylAcetate CAS Number 112-07-2 Less than 10% TLV-TWA 25ppm

# 3. Hazards Identification

Most Important Hazards	Skin irritation, Resp	oiratory			
	irritation, dizziness, nausea				
	loss of consciousness.				
Specific Hazards	None				
HIMS Rating	Health	2			
	Fire	1			
	Reactivity	0			
Pennsylvania Right to Know: The following non-hazardous					
ingredients are present in					
	the product greater than				
	3% - NONE				
California Proposition 65: None Known					

# 4. Emergency and First Aid Procedures

Emergency Procedures
Move victim to fresh air, rest and keep warm. Apply artificial respiration if breathing has stopped or oxygen if breathing is irregular. Get immediate medical attention.
Remove contaminated clothing. Wash affected areas well with soap & water. If irritation persists, get medical attention.
Hold eyelid open and flush with water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation persists.
Do not induce vomiting. If victim vomits, turn into recovery position. Vomiting can cause chemical pneumonia. Get immediate medical attention.
cedures
Alcohol foam, dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide. Water may be ineffective on fire.
Vapor is heavier than air and can travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flashback.
Keep away from heat, flame and sparks. Keep containers closed. Cool exposed containers with water. Use water to knock down vapor.
se Measures
Extinguish any naked flames or source of ignition. Evacuate personnel from area. Avoid inhalation of vapors.
Prevent contamination of ground water and drains. Inform authorities if this occurred.
Cover area with sand or absorbent material to absorb spilled material and sweep up. Use water spray to knock down vapor. Contaminated sand and water should be disposed of according to section 13.

# 7. Handling and Storage

7. Hanuling and Storag					
Precautions for Safety	Ensure good ventilation. Take				
	precautions against static				
	discharge.				
Technical Measures	Store in accordance with all				
	national, regional and local				
	regulations pertaining to the				
	storage, handling, dispensing, and				
	disposal of combustible liquids.				
	No smoking. Naked flames, hot				
	elements or other ignition sources				
	must not be present.				
Storage Conditions	Store in tightly closed clearly				
Storage Conditions	labeled containers in cool well-				
	ventilated area.				
Incompatible Materiale					
Incompatible Materials	Strong oxidizing agents. Store in mild steel vessels.				
	Packaging Material Store in mild steel vessels. 8. Exposure Controls and Personal Protection				
Engineering Measures	Ensure good ventilation. No vessel				
	should be entered until it is gas-				
	free. Workman outside should keep				
	workmen inside the vessel under				
	observation.				
Respiratory	Not generally required. Use NIOSH				
Roophatory	approved respirator if spraying.				
Gloves	Nitrile, PVC, Neoprene				
Eyes	Safety glasses with splash shields				
_,	or face shield				
Other Measures	Protective apron, long sleeves,				
	chemical resistant boots.				
9. Physical and Chemical Properties					
Appearance	Colorless liquid				
Odor	Aromatic				
Melting Point	<450°F				
Boiling Point	350°F - 373°F				
Flash Point	155°F TCC				
Vapor Density	>Air				
• • • • • • • • • • •					

Eye Contact

Skin Contact

skin. Inhalation Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Headaches, dizziness. nausea may result from overexposure. Ingestion Harmful or fatal if swallowed

reddening.

Liquid, aerosols and vapors are Irritating, can cause pain, tearing,

Prolonged or repeated contact can

result in defatting & drying of the

### 12. Ecological Information

11. Toxicological Information

Mobility	Data not Available
Biodegradability	Data not Available
Bioacculamation	Data not Available
Ecotoxicity	Moderately Toxic

#### 13. Disposal Procedures

Disposal should be in accordance with local, regional or national regulations. Contaminated waste and packaging should be destroyed by incineration at an approved incinerator. If recovery of contaminated product is not possible, it should be destroyed by incineration.

### 14. Transportation Information

Shipping Name	US DOT – Not Regulated.			
Hazard Class	N/A			
Identification Number	N/A			
Packing Group	N/A			
Labels Required: COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID, regulated under AS1940				
for Bulk Storage purposes on	ly.			
HAZCHEM: None	HAZCHEM: None			
NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS				
GOODS:UN, IATA, IMDG				
15. Regulatory Information				
RCRA	Not Reportable			
CERCLA	Not Reportable			
SARA 311/312	Not Reportable			
SARA 313	Not Reportable			

The information contained in this MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET is provided pursuant to 29CFR 1910.1200 to convey information concerning the hazardous nature of the named product. The information supplied was compiled from the most reliable sources available at the time of preparation and in light of the most reasonable foreseeable exposure situations expected from the intended use of this product. The material(s) may present greater or lesser hazard exposure under other circumstances that are beyond the control of the manufacturer. Therefore it is imperative that all directions and warnings on the product label be read and closely followed.

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10.	Stability	and	Reactivity
Ctal			Ctable

Solubility in Water

Explosive Limits

Viscosity

V.O.C.

Stability		Stab	le			
Conditions t	o Avoid	High	tem	peratures	s &	ignition
		sour	ces			
Materials to Avoid		Strong Oxidizers. Alkalies, aqueous				
		acids	s, amin	es and a	cidic al	cohols.
Hazardous	Decomposition	n C	arbon	oxides	forme	d when
burned.						

insoluble

788 g/L

22sec. Zahn#2

UEL-8.5 LEL-0.5